

Roll No. ....

Total Pages : 04

BT-6/J-25

46173

## UNIX AND LINUX PROGRAMMING

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 75

**Note :** Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting at least *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

### Unit I

1. (a) Explain the evolution of Unix, highlighting key milestones. Describe the layered structure of the Unix operating system, including the kernel, shell and utilities. 7
- (b) Explain the significance of user accounts in Unix/Linux. Discuss the files (/etc/passwd, /etc/shadow, /etc/group) involved in user management and their structure. 8
2. (a) Compare and contrast the following commands with examples : 7
  - (i) zip vs unzip
  - (ii) compress vs uncompress
  - (iii) pack vs unpack.

- (b) Explain the Unix file system hierarchy and the role of i-nodes. How are files and directories managed using i-nodes ? 8

## Unit II

3. (a) Explain the basic syntax of regular expressions (regex) with examples. Discuss the use of metacharacters, character classes and quantifiers in pattern matching. Provide examples for each. 7
- (b) Compare the features of sed (Stream Editor) and vi (Visual Editor). Explain, how each is used for text manipulation, with examples of common operations (substitution, deletion, insertion). 8
4. (a) Explain the key features of PERL for text processing. Compare it with AWK in terms of regex support, file handling, and scripting capabilities. 7
- (b) Explain delta compression and its advantages over traditional compression techniques. Provide an example where delta compression is more efficient. 8

### Unit III

5. (a) Explain the various modes of the vi editor with examples. How do you perform the following tasks in vi ? 7
- (i) Inserting and deleting text
  - (ii) Searching and replacing text
  - (iii) Saving and quitting a file
  - (iv) Copying, cutting and pasting text
- (b) Explain the different types of C Shell operators with examples. How do the following operators work ? 8
- (i) Arithmetic operators (+, -, \*, /, %)
  - (ii) Logical operators (&&, ||, !)
  - (iii) Redirection operators (>, >>, <, |)
  - (iv) Comparison operators (-eq, -ne, -lt, -gt)
6. (a) What is a Makefile ? Explain its structure with an example. How does it help in dependency calculation and keeping programs up-to-date ? Write a Makefile for a C project with multiple source files, headers, and libraries. 7
- (b) Compare static and shared libraries in Unix/Linux. Explain : 8
- (i) How to create and use both types of libraries ?
  - (ii) Advantages and disadvantages of each
  - (iii) How dynamic linking works at runtime ?

## Unit IV

7. (a) Explain the lifecycle of a process in Linux, including creation, execution, and termination. Discuss the role of `fork()`, `exec()` and `wait()` system calls. 7
- (b) Explain, how `cron`, `at` and `batch` commands are used for job scheduling in Linux. Provide examples of `cron` job syntax and discuss security considerations. 8
8. (a) Discuss the role of networking tools like `ping`, `telnet`, `ftp` and `ssh` in Linux. Why is `telnet` considered insecure and what are its modern alternatives ? 7
- (b) Compare `tar`, `cpio` and `dd` utilities for backup and restore operations in Linux. Provide command examples for creating and extracting backups. 8

EXAMKIT

